Match the Following Terms

Cis(gender) Gender Binary Gender Expression Gender Identity Gender Dysphoria Nonbinary Sex Assigned at Birth Sexual Orientation Transgender Transition Trans Trans Woman/Trans Man	Agender
Gender Expression Gender Identity Gender Dysphoria Nonbinary Sex Assigned at Birth Sexual Orientation Transgender Transition Trans Transphobia	Cis(gender)
Gender Identity Gender Dysphoria Nonbinary Sex Assigned at Birth Sexual Orientation Transgender Transition Trans Transphobia	Gender Binary
Gender Dysphoria Nonbinary Sex Assigned at Birth Sexual Orientation Transgender Transition Trans Transphobia	Gender Expression
Nonbinary Sex Assigned at Birth Sexual Orientation Transgender Transition Trans Transphobia	Gender Identity
Sex Assigned at Birth Sexual Orientation Transgender Transition Trans Transphobia	Gender Dysphoria
Sexual Orientation Transgender Transition Trans Transphobia	Nonbinary
Transgender Transition Trans Transphobia	Sex Assigned at Birth
Transition Trans Transphobia	Sexual Orientation
Trans Transphobia	Transgender
Transphobia	Transition
	Trans
Trans Woman/Trans Man	Transphobia
	Trans Woman/Trans Man
Queer	Queer

- One's internal sense of being male, female, neither of these, both, or other gender(s). Everyone has a gender identity. For transgender people, their sex assigned at birth and their gender identity may not align. For cisgender people, their sex assigned at birth and their gender identity may align.
- The assignment and classification of people as male, female, intersex, or another sex assigned at birth often based on physical anatomy at birth and/or karyotyping.
- 3. An umbrella term for people whose gender identity differs from the sex they were assigned at birth. The term transgender is not indicative of gender expression, sexual orientation, hormonal makeup, physical anatomy, or how one is perceived in daily life. Note that transgender does not have an "ed" at the end.
- 4. A person's process of developing and assuming a gender expression to match their gender identity. Transition can include: coming out to one's family, friends, and/or co-workers; changing one's name and/or sex on legal documents; hormone therapy; and possibly (though not always) some form of surgery. It's best not to assume how one transitions as it is different for everyone.
- 5. A person's physical, romantic, emotional, aesthetic, and/or other form of attraction to others. In Western cultures, gender identity and sexual orientation are not the same. People can identify as transgender and can identify as heterosexual, bisexual, lesbian, gay, queer, etc. For example, a trans woman who is exclusively attracted to other women may identify herself as lesbian.
- 6. Preferred umbrella term for all genders other than female/male or woman/man, used as an adjective (e.g. Jesse is a nonbinary person). Not all nonbinary people identify as trans and not all trans people identify as nonbinary. Sometimes (and increasingly), nonbinary can be used to describe the aesthetic/presentation/expression of a cisgender or transgender person
- 7. A system of viewing gender as consisting solely of two, opposite categories, termed "male and female", in which no other possibilities for gender or anatomy are believed to exist. This system is oppressive to anyone who defies their sex assigned at birth, but particularly those who are gender-variant or do not fit neatly into one of the two standard categories.
- 8. Prefix or adjective used as an abbreviation of transgender, derived from the Latin word meaning "across from" or "on the other side of."
- 9. The physical manifestation of one's gender identity through clothing, hairstyle, voice, body shape, etc. (typically referred to as masculine or feminine). Many transgender people seek to make their gender expression (how they look) match their gender identity (who they are), rather than their sex assigned at birth. Someone with a gender nonconforming gender expression may or may not be transgender.
- 10. An umbrella term encompassing many different genders of people who commonly do not have a gender and/or have a gender that they describe as neutral. Many agender people are trans. As a new and quickly-evolving term, it is best you ask how someone defines agender for themselves.
- 11. Adjective that means "identifies as their sex assigned at birth" derived from the Latin word meaning "on the same side." A cisgender/cis person is not transgender. "Cisgender" does not indicate biology, gender expression, or sexuality/sexual orientation. In discussions regarding trans issues, one would differentiate between women who are trans and women who aren't by saying trans women and cis women. Cis is not a "fake" word and is not a slur. Note that cisgender does not have an "ed" at the end.
- 12. Systemic violence against trans people, associated with attitudes such as fear, discomfort, distrust, or disdain. This word is used similarly to homophobia, xenophobia, misogyny, etc.
- 13. Trans woman generally describes someone assigned male at birth who identifies as a woman. This individual may or may not actively identify as trans. The same concept applies to trans men. Often it is good just to use woman or man. Sometimes trans women identify as male-to-female (also MTF or trans-feminine) and sometimes trans men identify as female-to-male (also FTM or trans-masculine).
- 14. General term for gender and sexual minorities who are not cisgender and/or heterosexual. There is a lot of overlap between queer and trans identities, but not all queer people are trans and not all trans people are queer. The word queer is still sometimes used as a hateful slur, so although it has mostly been reclaimed, be careful with its use.
- 15. Clinically significant distress caused when a person's assigned birth gender is not the same as the one with which they identify. According to the American Psychiatric Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM), the term which replaces Gender Identity Disorder "is intended to better characterize the experiences of affected children, adolescents, and adults."